Introduced by S. F. No. 9 Judiciary Committee

A BILL for

AN ACT Concerning Fraudulent Conveyances and to make Uniform the Law Relating Thereto.

Introduced JAN 16 1929

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Referred to Com. No. ___ JAN 1 6 1929

Delivered to Princing Commetteds JAN 1 6 1929

Returned from Committee Les 19 JAN 17 1929

Del'd. to Com. No. / JAN 1 7 1929

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WYOMING:

Section 1. DEFINITION OF TERMS. In this act "Assets" of a debtor means property not exempt from liability for his debts. To the extent that any property is liable for any debts of the debtor, such property shall be included in his assets.

"Conveyance" includes every payment of money, assignment, release, transfer, lease, mortgage or pledge of tangible or intangible property, and also the creation of any lien or incumbrance.

"Creditor" is a person having any claim, whether matured or unmatured, liquidated or unliquidated, absolute, fixed or contingent.

"Debt" includes any legal liability, whether matured or unmatured, liquidated or unliquidated, absolute, fixed or contingent.

Section 2. INSOLVENCY. (1) A person is insolvent when the present fair salable value of his assets is less than the amount that will be required to pay his probable liability on his existing debts as they become absolute and matured. (2) In determining whether a partnership is insolvent there shall be added to the partnership property the present fair salable value of the separate assets of each general partner in excess of the amount probably sufficient to meet the claims of his separate creditors, and also the ficient of any unpaid subscription to the partnership of each limited partner, provided the present fair salable value of the assets of such limited partner is probably sufficient to pay his debts, including such unpaid subscription.

Section 3. FAIR CONSIDERATION. Fair consideration is given for property, or obligation,

- (a) When in exchange for such property, or obligation, as a fair equivalent therefor, and in good faith, property is conveyed or an antecedent debt is satisfied, or
- (b) When such property, or obligation is received in good faith to secure a present advance or antecedent debt in amount not disproportionately small as compared with the value of the property, or obligation obtained.

Section 4. CONVEYANCES BY INSOLVENT. Every conveyance made and every obligation incurred by a person who is or will be thereby rendered insolvent is fraudulent as to creditors without regard to his actual intent if the conveyance is made or the obligation is incurred without

a fair consideration.

Section 5. CONVEYANCES BY PERSONS IN BUSINESS. Every conveyance made without fair consideration when the person making it is engaged or is about to engage in a business or transation for which the property remaining in his hands after the conveyance is an unreasonably small capital, is fraudulent as to creditors and as to other persons who become creditors during the continuance of such business or transaction without regard to his actual intent.

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Section 7. CONVEYANCE MADE WITH INTENT TO DEFRAUD. Every conveyance made and every obligation incurred with actual intent, as distinguished from intent presumed in law, to hinder, delay, or defraud either present or future creditors, is fraudulent as to both present and future creditors.

Section 8. CONVEYANCE OF PARTNERSHIP PROPERTY. Every conveyance of partnership property and every partnership obligation incurred when the partnership is or will be thereby rendered insolvent, is fraudulent as to partnership creditors, if the conveyance is made or obligation is incurred,

- (a) To a partner, whether with or without a promise by him to pay partnership debts, or
- (b) To a person not a partner without fair consideration to the partnership as distinguished from consideration to the individual partners.

Section 9. RIGHTS OF CREDITORS WHOSE CLAIMS HAVE MATURED. (1) Where a conveyance or obligation is fraudulent as to a creditor, such creditor, when his claim has matured, may, as against any person except a purchaser for fair consideration without knowledge of the fraud at the time of the purchase, or one who has derived title immediately or mediately from such a purchaser,

- (a) Have the conveyance set aside or obligation annulled to the extent necessary to satisfy his claim, or
- (b) Disregard the conveyance and attach or levy execution upon the property conveyed.
- (2) A purchaser who without actual fraudulent intent has given less than a fair consideration for the conveyance or obligation, may retain the property or obligation as security for repayment.

Section 10. RIGHTS OF CREDITORS WHOSE CLAIMS HAVE NOT MATURED. Where a conveyance made or obligation incurred is fraudulent as to a creditor whose claim has not matured he may proceed in a court of competent jurisdiction against any person against whom he could have proceeded had his claim matured, and the court may,

- (a) Restrain the defendant from disposing of his property,
- (b) Appoint a receiver to take charge of the property,
- (c) Set aside the conveyance or annul the obligation, or
- (d) Make any order which the circumstances of the case may require.

Section 11. CASES NOT PROVIDED FOR IN ACT. In any case not provided for in this Act the rules of law and equity including the law merchant, and in particular the rules relating to the law of principal and agent, and the effect of fraud, misrepresentation, duress or coercion, mistake, bankruptcy or other invalidating cause shall govern.

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Section 12. CONSTRUCTION OF ACT. This act shall be so interpreted and construed as to effectuate its general purpose to make uniform the law of those states which enact it.

Section 13. NAME OF ACT. This Act may be cited as the Uniform Fraudulent Conveyance Act.

Section 14. INCONSISTENT LEGISLATION REPEALED. All acts or parts of acts which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.

Section 15. This Act shall take effect from and after its passage.

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Sent to House JAN 23 1929

JAN 2 3 1920 end from dende JAN 2 4 1920 Red fried Trice .14N 2 4 1929 Rett. fr. Com. # 3 Ceaning be amunded Callows: s. F. No. 9. Strike out all Section titles printed in italics following Section numbers in bill. Page 4, line 23, strike out the words "its passage" and insert in lieu thereof the words "June 1, 1929.". and in said line 23 after the word eff to Insert the words "and be , orge" and as so a An Pass Considered in the Com, of the Whole and JAN 2 5 1929 Manchey Courthwater adopte Recound! Do Pass an a JAN 26 1929 Read 2nd Time and placed on File Brancadina JAN 28 1929 Read third the Passed. Ay's 53 Nots & Absent & Ex not Vating sent to strate Recognized from Monor . JAN 28 1929 Leve al concurred in Arus anse Smet ald to Com. No. 22 JAN 2 8 1929 Sequed by ter Thust

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